

## § 996.6

## 7 CFR Ch. IX (1–1–10 Edition)

### § 996.6 Importation.

*Importation* means the arrival of foreign produced peanuts at a port-of-entry with the intent to enter the peanuts into channels of commerce of the United States.

### § 996.7 Importer.

*Importer* means a person who engages in the importation of foreign produced peanuts into the United States.

[68 FR 1157, Jan. 9, 2003]

### § 996.8 Incoming inspection.

*Incoming inspection* means the sampling, inspection, and certification of farmers stock peanuts to determine segregation and grade quality.

### § 996.9 Inshell peanuts.

*Inshell peanuts* means peanuts, the kernels or edible portions of which are contained in the shell.

### § 996.10 Inspection Service.

*Inspection Service* means the Federal Inspection Service, Fruit and Vegetable Programs, Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA or the Federal-State Inspection Service.

### § 996.11 Negative aflatoxin content.

*Negative aflatoxin content* means 15 parts per billion (ppb) or less for peanuts that have been certified as meeting edible quality grade standards.

### § 996.12 Outgoing inspection.

*Outgoing inspection* means the sampling, inspection, and certification of either: shelled peanuts which have been cleaned, sorted, sized and otherwise prepared for human consumption markets; or inshell peanuts which have been cleaned, sorted, and otherwise prepared for inshell human consumption markets.

### § 996.13 Peanuts.

*Peanuts* means the seeds of the legume *Arachis hypogaea* and includes both inshell and shelled peanuts produced in the United States or imported from foreign countries, other than those in green form for consumption as boiled peanuts.

(a) *Farmers Stock*. “Farmers stock peanuts” means picked and threshed

peanuts which have not been shelled, crushed, cleaned or otherwise changed (except for removal of foreign material, loose shelled kernels, and excess moisture) from the form in which customarily marketed by producers.

(b) *Segregation 1*. “Segregation 1 peanuts” means farmers stock peanuts with not more than 2.49 percent damaged kernels nor more than 1.00 percent concealed damage caused by rancidity, mold, or decay and which are free from visible *Aspergillus flavus*.

(c) *Segregation 2*. “Segregation 2 peanuts” means farmers stock peanuts with more than 2.49 percent damaged kernels or more than 1.00 percent concealed damage caused by rancidity, mold, or decay and which are free from visible *Aspergillus flavus*.

(d) *Segregation 3*. “Segregation 3 peanuts” means farmers stock peanuts with visible *Aspergillus flavus*.

### § 996.14 Person.

*Person* means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, any other business unit or legal entity.

### § 996.15 Positive lot identification.

*Positive lot identification* is a means, approved by the Inspection Service, of relating the inspection certificate to the lot covered so that there is no doubt that the peanuts in the lot are the same peanuts described on the inspection certificate.

### § 996.16 Producer.

*Producer* means any person in the United States engaged in a proprietary capacity in the production of peanuts for market.

### § 996.17 Quota year.

*Quota year* means the 12-month period beginning January 1 and ending December 31 of the same year for peanuts produced in Mexico and the 12-month period beginning April 1 and ending March 31 of the following year for Argentina and other countries, or other such periods as may be prescribed by the U.S. Customs Service.

### § 996.18 Secretary.

*Secretary* means the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States or any officer, employee, or agent of the